

## **BlazeMaster® Fire Protection Systems Sample Specifications – Europe\***

### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### **1.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

CPVC fire sprinkler pipe and fittings shall be extruded/molded from BlazeMaster® CPVC compounds manufactured by Lubrizol Advanced Materials. The pipe compound shall meet cell class 23547 and the fittings compound shall meet cell class 24447 as defined by ASTM D1784. Both pipe and fittings compounds shall be certified by NSF International for use with potable water and shall be pressure rated by Plastics Pipe Institute (PPI).

The compounds shall be listed in LPCB's red book Volume 1 "List of Approved Products and Services", part 3, section 21.2: Polymeric compounds for Plastic pipes and fittings if LPCB approval is required for the system. The compounds shall be WRAS listed for use with potable water.

#### **1.1 PIPE AND FITTINGS**

- A. Pipe shall meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM F442 in standard dimension ratio (SDR) 13.5.
- B. Fittings shall meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM F437 (schedule 80 threaded), ASTM F438 (schedule 40 socket) or ASTM F439 (schedule 80 socket).
- C. Both pipe and fittings shall be Listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or Loss Prevention Certification Board (LPCB) for use in wet automatic fire sprinkler systems and shall bear the logo of the Listing Agency.  
See UL or LPCB Fire Protection Equipment Directory.
- D. Both pipe and fittings compound shall be WRAS listed for use with potable water.
- E. Ancillary products (including, but not limited to fire stops, thread sealants, leak detectors, etc.) coming into contact with pipe and fittings must be chemically compatible with BlazeMaster® CPVC pipe and fittings (reference the Lubrizol FBC™ System Compatible Program).

#### **1.2 SOLVENT WELDING**

- A. All socket type joints shall be assembled with solvent cements that meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM F493. Safe handling of solvent cements shall be in accordance with ASTM F402. Solvent cement shall be certified by NSF International for use with potable water, and approved by the manufacturers. The solvent cements shall be approved for use with BlazeMaster® CPVC pipe and fittings.

### 1.3 BASIC USE

BlazeMaster® CPVC pipe and fittings shall be listed by LPCB for use in:

- A. Light Hazard occupancies as defined in NFPA 13, “Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems.”
- B. Ordinary hazard rooms of otherwise light hazard occupancies where the room does not exceed 37 m², per section 6.3.10.2 of NFPA 13, 2016 Edition.
- C. Residential occupancies as defined in NFPA 13R, “Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems in Residential Occupancies up to and Including four stories in Height.”
- D. Residential occupancies as defined in NFPA 13D, “Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems in One- and Two- Family Dwellings and Manufactured Homes.”
- E. Underground water pressure service as defined by NFPA 24.
- F. “Air plenums per the requirements of UL 1887, as defined by NFPA 90A.
- G. Residential and domestic occupancies as defined by BS9251:2014 Categories 1, 2 and 3.
- H. Refer to light hazard and ordinary hazard occupancies as described per TB227 and BS EN 12845:2015. For LPCB the maximum nominal ambient temperature of use shall not exceed 50°C.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

### 2.0 MATERIAL

CPVC fire sprinkler pipe and fittings shall be extruded/molded from BlazeMaster® CPVC compounds manufactured by Lubrizol Advanced Materials.

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

<b>Georg Fischer Harvel, LLC.</b>	<b>NIBCO INC.</b>	<b>Tyco Fire Protection Products</b>	<b>The Viking Corporation</b>
<b>(PIPE)</b> 300 Kuebler Rd Easton, PA 18040  Phone:+1 610 252-7355	<b>(FITTINGS)</b> 1516 Middlebury Street P.O. Box 1167 Elkhart, IN 46515-1167  Phone:+1 574.295.3221	<b>(PIPE &amp; FITTINGS)</b> 1400 Pennbrook Pkwy, Lansdale, PA 19446 Phone: +1 215 362-0700  Kopersteden 1, P.O. Box 198 7500 AD Enschede, The Netherlands Phone: +31 (0)53 428 4444	<b>(PIPE)</b> 210 N. Industrial Pkwy Dr. Hastings, MI 49058 Phone: + 1 269 945-9501  Z.I. Haneboesch L-4562 Differdange/Niedercorn Luxemburg Phone: +352 58 37 37 1

## **PART 3 – EXECUTION**

### **3.0 SYSTEM DESIGN**

- A. System design shall be in accordance with standard industry practices and standards for fire sprinkler systems and the manufacturer's design/installation instructions. The design shall take into consideration the pressure and flow requirements, friction loss, operating temperatures, support spacing, joining methods, and thermal expansion and contraction.
- B. The fire sprinkler piping system shall be hydraulically calculated using a Hazen-Williams C Factor of 150, and designed in accordance with the applicable Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems.
- C. The maximum design temperature/pressure rating shall not exceed 12.1 bar at 65°C.
- D. For LPCB the maximum nominal ambient temperature of use shall not exceed 50°C.

### **3.1 INSTALLATION PROCEDURES**

- A. Installation practices such as pipe support spacing, bracing, allowance for thermal expansion/contraction, solvent welding and handling and storage shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the corresponding listing and/or approval agencies which includes installation limitations.
- B. Refer to 3.2 below for submittal of installer training documentation.

### **3.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

Installer Qualifications:

Fire Sprinkler Contractor must submit to the Contracting Officer documentation that verifies personnel assigned to this project prior to beginning construction who have successfully completed formal CPVC fire sprinkler systems training conducted by an authorized BlazeMaster® fire sprinkler systems trainer. The Contractor Training documentation shall be specific to BlazeMaster® pipe and fittings. Personnel's training documentation must be current and have been updated within the past two (2) years. (Note: this training does not imply compliance with any local or state contractor certification or licensing laws.)

### **3.3 TECHNICAL DATA**

#### **A. APPLICABLE STANDARDS**

1. NSF/ANSI Standard 14 Plastic Piping Components and Related Materials.
2. NSF/ANSI Standard 61 Drinking Water System Components – Health Effects.
3. ASTM D1784 Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride)(PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride)(CPVC) Compounds.
4. ASTM F402 Practice for Safe Handling of Solvent Cements, Primers and Cleaners Used for Joining Thermoplastics Pipe and Fittings.
5. ASTM F437 Specification for Threaded Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) CPVC Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 80.

6. ASTM F438 Specification Socket-Type Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) CPVC Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 40.
7. ASTM F439 Specification Socket-Type Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) CPVC Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 80.
8. ASTM F442 Specification Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) CPVC Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR).
9. ASTM F493 Specification for Solvent Cements for Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) CPVC Plastic Pipe and Fittings.
10. NFPA 13 Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems.
11. NFPA 24 Installation of Private Fire Service Mains and Their Appurtenances.
12. NFPA 25 Standard for the Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Water Based Extinguishing Systems.
13. NFPA 13R Standard for the Installation of Sprinklers in Residential Occupancies up to Four Stories in Height.
14. NFPA 13D Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems in One and Two Family Dwellings.
15. NFPA 90A Standard for the Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems.
16. UL 1887 Fire Test of Plastic Sprinkler Pipe for Flame and Smoke Characterization.
17. UL 1821 Outline of Proposed Investigation for Thermoplastic Sprinkler Pipe and Fittings for Fire Protection Service.
18. LPS 1260: Requirements for testing plastic pipes and fittings for sprinkler systems. TB 227: Pipework.
19. BS EN 12845: Fixed firefighting systems – Automatic sprinkler systems – Design, installation and maintenance.
20. Piping compound has a 82°C Hydrostatic Design Basis (HDB) of 86 bar as listed by the Plastic Pipe Institute.
21. Fitting compound has a 82°C Hydrostatic Design Basis (HDB) of 69 bar as listed by the Plastic Pipe Institute.

### **3.4 TESTING**

After the system is installed and any solvent-welded joints have cured per the manufacturer's installation instructions, the system shall be hydrostatically tested per the requirements of the applicable Standard or EN 12845 Standard.

Maintenance shall be in accordance with the Standard for Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Water Based Extinguishing Systems as defined by the applicable Standard.

### **3.5 WARRANTY**

Consult the manufacturer for specific warranty information.